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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/669,991	(09/24/2003	William J. Kyte	H1938-00036 9732	
41396	7590	12/28/2004		EXAMINER	
DUANE MORRIS LLP			SZEKELY,	SZEKELY, PETER A	
P. O. BOX 1003 305 NORTH FRONT STREET, 5TH FLOOR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
HADDISDIDG DA 17108-1003				1714	

DATE MAILED: 12/28/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	V				
		10/669,991	KYTE ET AL.					
Office Action Summary		Examiner ·	Art Unit					
		Peter Szekely	1714					
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address					
THE - External control	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl' of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the properties of the pr	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron to, cause the application to become ABANDONI	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communicatio (35 U.S.C. § 133).	n.				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 S	eptember 2003.						
·		action is non-final.						
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-65</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.						
Applicat	ion Papers		•					
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>24 September 2003</u> is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	are: a) \square accepted or b) \square object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Settion is required if the drawing(s) is obtained.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority :	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage					
Attachmer	nt(s)							
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D						
3) 🛛 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date 12/1/03,3/31/04.		Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: Air-dryable polymeric resins do not exist. Neither do acrylic latex polymers. Applicants' invention contains "acrylic polymer latices", that is aqueous emulsions of acrylate ester polymers, acrylic acid polymers, acrylamide polymers, their copolymers, etc. The examiner is unfamiliar with "alpha-methyl acrylate" polymers. Methacrylate polymers maybe?

Appropriate correction is required.

2. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: The subject matter of claims 26, 42, 44, 48-54, 56 and 61 cannot be found in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 1-65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 5. Air-dryable polymeric resins do not exist (claims 1, 2, 60 and 65). Neither do acrylic latex polymers (claims 24-26). Applicants' invention contains "acrylic polymer latices", that is aqueous emulsions of acrylate ester polymers, acrylic acid polymers, acrylamide polymers, their copolymers, etc. The examiner is unfamiliar with "alpha-

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methyl acrylate" polymers (claim 25). Methacrylate polymers maybe? The expressions "less than about", "greater than about", "not more than about" and "not less than about" render the claims indefinite. See, Amgen, Inc. v. Chugai Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd., 18 USPQ2d 1016 (Fed. Cir. 1991). To illustrate the point 239 is about 240. Accordingly, 239.5 is not less than 240, which is absurd.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 8. Claim1, 6-19,21, 22 24, 25, 27, 28, 31-33 and 40-65 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caldwell et al. 6,103,360, in view of Dassetto 2,895,325, Pfingsten et al. 3,785,568, Stern et al. 5,524,798 or Taylor 6,291,536.

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Caldwell et al disclose a coating composition for ceiling boards, containing 9. different particle size fillers, binder and water in claim 1, large fillers in claim 2, medium size fillers in claim 1, limestone and dolomite in claim 9, calcium carbonate, titanium dioxide and clay in claim 10, acrylic binders in claim 11, acrylic latices and thickeners in the Examples, viscosities in column 2, line41-48 and spray coating in column 3, lines16-18. Dassetto teaches an apparatus for spray coating ceilings in claims 1-6. Pfingsten et al. recite coating ceilings under pressure in columns 5 and 6 and apparatus for it in claims 1-8. Stern et al. reveal an apparatus for coating a wall or ceiling in claims 1-14. Taylor displays coating ceilings in column 1, lines 40-55, filling gap between panels in column 2, lines 48-50, calcium carbonate in column 4, line 59 acrylic latices in column 3, lines 30-35 and other ingredients in column 5, lines 25-60. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to select the coarsest filler in order to lower the viscosity, to choose calcium carbonate from a list of equivalents and to use the apparatuses of the secondary references to coat the surfaces and fill the gaps, since the apparatuses were designed for that very purpose. Grout composition is the intended use and as such it has no patentable significance.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 10. Claims 2-5, 20, 23, 26, 29, 30 and 34-39 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

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examiner should be directed to Peter Szekely whose telephone number is (571) 272-1124. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00 a.m.-5:30 p.m. Tuesday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on (571) 272-1119. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Peter Szekely **Primary Examiner** Art Unit 1714

P.S. 12/22/04